

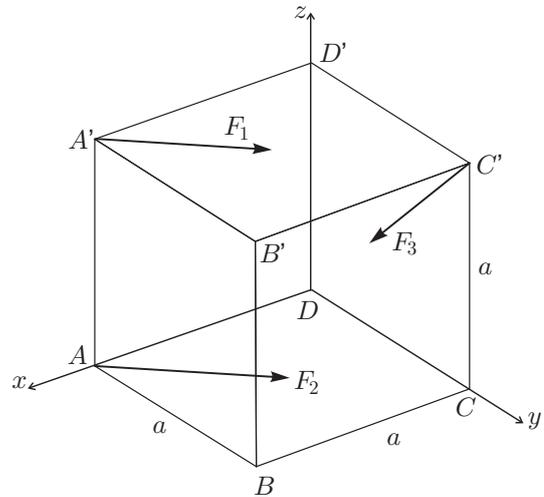
Vpisna številka: 261\_\_\_\_\_

naloga	točk
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2	
3	
4	

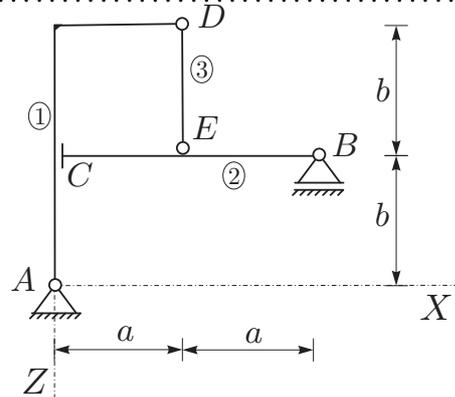
Ime in priimek:

1. Prostorski sistem treh sil deluje na togo kocko z robom  $a = 3$  m, kot kaže slika. Prijemališče sile  $F_1$  leži na premici skozi točki  $A'$  in  $C'$ . Smernica sile  $F_2$  poteka skozi točki  $A$  in  $C$ , smernica sile  $F_3$  pa skozi točki  $C'$  in  $D$ . Določi rezultanto sil in rezultanto momentov na točki  $B$  in  $C'$ ! Določi še rezultantno momentov okrog osi, ki poteka skozi točki  $B$  in  $D'$ !

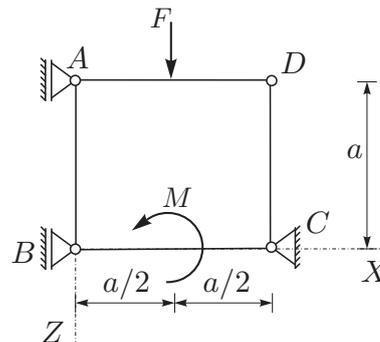
Podatki:  $F_1 = 5$  kN,  $F_2 = 15$  kN,  $F_3 = 10$  kN.



2. Za konstrukcijo na sliki določi računsko število prostostnih stopenj, navedi kinematične neznanke naloge in zapiši kinematične enačbe!

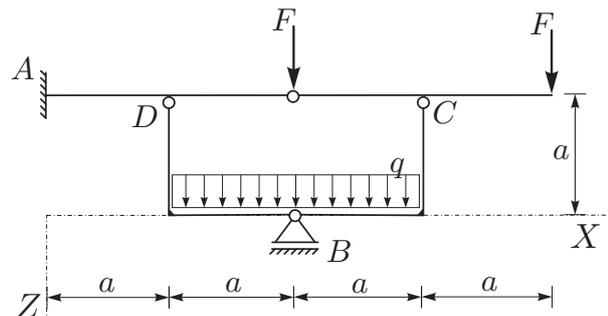


3. Za konstrukcijo na sliki določi računsko število prostostnih stopenj. Ali se dejansko število prostostnih stopenj ujema z računskim? Odgovor utemelji z uporabo ravnotežnih enačb!

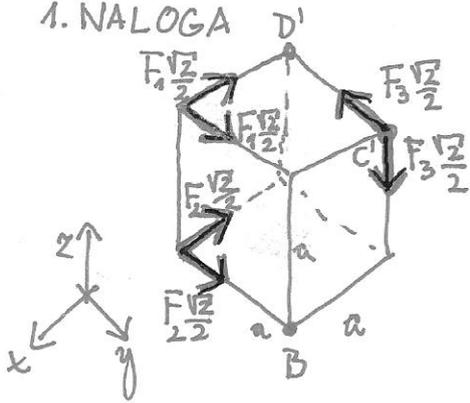


4. Za konstrukcijo na sliki določi računsko število prostostnih stopenj, reakcije in sile v vezeh  $B$  in  $C$ !

Podatki:  $a = 2$  m,  $F = 10$  kN,  
 $q = 3$  kN/m.



1. NALOGA



$$\vec{R} = (-F_1 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - F_2 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \vec{e}_x + (F_1 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + F_2 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - F_3 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \vec{e}_y - F_3 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \vec{e}_z$$

$$\vec{R} = -10\sqrt{2} \vec{e}_x + 5\sqrt{2} \vec{e}_y - 5\sqrt{2} \vec{e}_z \quad [\text{kN}]$$

$$\vec{M}_R^B = a(-F_1 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + F_3 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \vec{e}_x + a(-F_1 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - F_3 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \vec{e}_y + a(-F_2 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - F_1 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + F_3 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \vec{e}_z$$

$$\vec{M}_R^B = \frac{15\sqrt{2}}{2} \vec{e}_x - \frac{45\sqrt{2}}{2} \vec{e}_y - 15\sqrt{2} \vec{e}_z \quad [\text{kNm}]$$

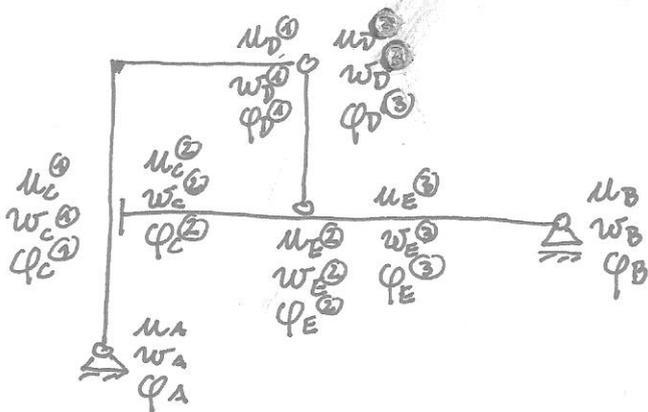
$$\vec{M}_R^{C'} = a F_2 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \vec{e}_x + a F_2 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \vec{e}_y + a(F_2 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - F_2 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \vec{e}_z$$

$$\vec{M}_R^{C'} = \frac{45\sqrt{2}}{2} \vec{e}_x + \frac{45\sqrt{2}}{2} \vec{e}_y \quad [\text{kNm}]$$

$$M_{BD'} = \vec{M}_R^B \cdot \vec{e}_{BD'} = (\frac{15\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{45\sqrt{2}}{2}, -15\sqrt{2}) \cdot (-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}) = 0 \quad \boxed{M_{BD'} = 0}$$

2. NALOGA

$$\tilde{n}_{PS} = 3 \cdot 3 - 2 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 = 0$$



24 neznanke;  $\tilde{n}_{PS} = 0 \Rightarrow 24$  enačb:

PODPORE:  $u_A = 0$   $w_B = 0$   
 $w_A = 0$

VEZI:  $u_C^{(1)} = u_C^{(2)}$   $u_D^{(1)} = u_D^{(3)}$   $u_E^{(2)} = u_E^{(3)}$   
 $\varphi_C^{(1)} = \varphi_C^{(2)}$   $w_D^{(1)} = w_D^{(3)}$   $w_E^{(2)} = w_E^{(3)}$

TELESA: ①:  $u_C^{(1)} = u_A - b\varphi_A$   
 $w_C^{(1)} = w_A$   
 $\varphi_C^{(1)} = \varphi_A$

$u_D^{(1)} = u_A - 2b\varphi_A$   
 $w_D^{(1)} = w_A - a\varphi_A$   
 $\varphi_D^{(1)} = \varphi_A$

②:  $u_B = u_C^{(2)}$   
 $w_B = w_E^{(2)} - 2a\varphi_E^{(2)}$   
 $\varphi_B = \varphi_C^{(2)}$

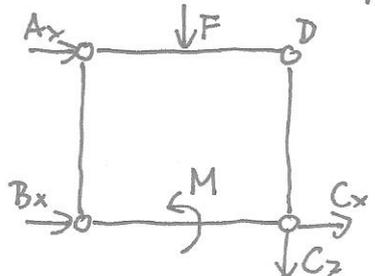
$u_E^{(2)} = u_C^{(2)}$   
 $w_E^{(2)} = w_C^{(2)} - a\varphi_C^{(2)}$   
 $\varphi_E^{(2)} = \varphi_C^{(2)}$

③:  $u_D^{(3)} = u_E^{(3)} - b\varphi_E^{(3)}$   
 $w_D^{(3)} = w_E^{(3)}$   
 $\varphi_D^{(3)} = \varphi_E^{(3)}$

# OSD 1. KOLOKVIJ 2014

## 3. NALOGA

$$\tilde{m}_{PS} = 0$$

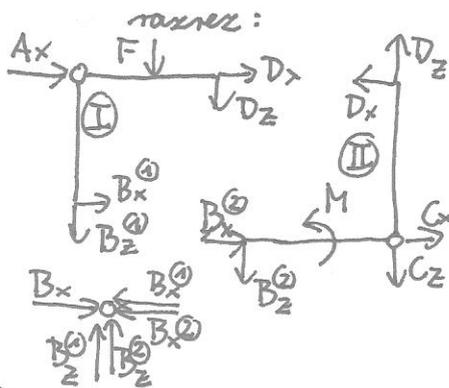


$$\sum M^C: -A_x \cdot a + F \cdot \frac{a}{2} + M = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow A_x = \frac{M}{a} + \frac{F}{2}$$

$$\sum Z: C_z = -F$$

$$\sum M^D: B_x \cdot a + C_x \cdot a + M + F \cdot \frac{a}{2} = 0$$



$$\textcircled{II} \sum M^C: D_x = 0$$

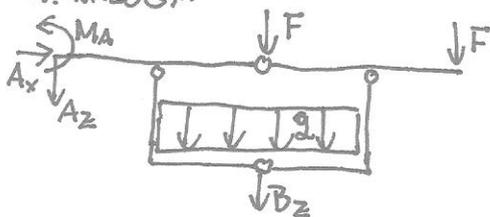
$$\textcircled{I} \sum M^A: B_x^{\textcircled{1}} = 0$$

$$\sum X^{\textcircled{1}}: A_x + B_x^{\textcircled{1}} + D_x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow A_x = 0$$

PROTISLOVJE  
 $\Rightarrow m_{PS} > 0$

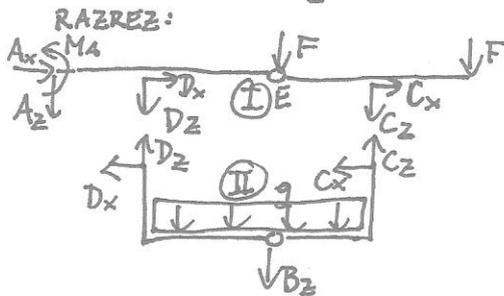
## 4. NALOGA



$$\sum X: A_x = 0$$

$$\sum Z: A_z + B_z = -2F - q \cdot 2a$$

$$\sum M^A: M_A - B_z \cdot 2a - F \cdot 2a - F \cdot 4a - q \cdot 2a \cdot 2a = 0$$



$$\textcircled{I}: \sum M^E: -C_z \cdot a - F \cdot 2a = 0 \quad C_z = -2F \quad C_z = -20 \text{ kN}$$

$$\textcircled{II} \sum M^B_{BC}: C_x \cdot a + C_z \cdot a - q \cdot a \cdot \frac{a}{2} = 0 \quad C_x = 2F + q \cdot \frac{a}{2} \quad C_x = 23 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum X: -D_x - C_x = 0 \quad D_x = -2F - q \cdot \frac{a}{2} \quad D_x = -23 \text{ kN}$$

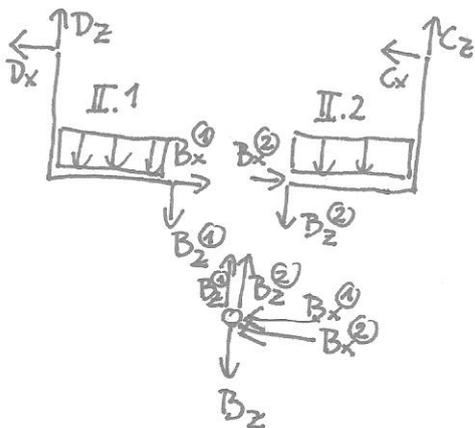
$$\sum M^B_{BD}: D_x \cdot a - D_z \cdot a + q \cdot a \cdot \frac{a}{2} = 0 \quad D_z = -2F \quad D_z = -20 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum Z: -D_z + B_z - C_z + q \cdot 2a = 0 \quad B_z = -4F - 2qa \quad B_z = -52 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Rightarrow A_z = 2F \quad A_z = 20 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_A = -2Fa \quad M_A = -40 \text{ kNm}$$

## RAZREZ 2.



$$\textcircled{I.2}: \sum X: B_x^{\textcircled{2}} = C_x \quad B_x^{\textcircled{2}} = 2F + q \cdot \frac{a}{2} \quad B_x^{\textcircled{2}} = 23 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum Z: B_z^{\textcircled{2}} = C_z - qa \quad B_z^{\textcircled{2}} = -2F - qa \quad B_z^{\textcircled{2}} = -26 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{VEZ B: } \sum X: B_x^{\textcircled{1}} = -B_x^{\textcircled{2}} \quad B_x^{\textcircled{1}} = -2F - q \cdot \frac{a}{2} \quad B_x^{\textcircled{1}} = -23 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum Z: B_z^{\textcircled{1}} = B_z - B_z^{\textcircled{2}} \quad B_z^{\textcircled{1}} = -2F - qa \quad B_z^{\textcircled{1}} = -26 \text{ kN}$$